28 CP 201 SOCIAL GROUP WORK

Course Outcomes:

- 1. To develop knowledge and skills about group work.
- 2. To build capacity to deal with group in various settings, including developmental and work.
- 3. To prepare the students to practice and evaluate group work in social work practice.

UNIT-I: Introduction to group work

- Definition of Group, Characteristics of Group.
- Group work: Nature, Definition and Objectives, Assumptions, Values, Function and Principles of Working with Groups.
- Historical Development and Group Work as a Method.

UNIT-II: Theories of group work and Group Dynamics

- Theories for Group Work Practice: Systems Theory, Conflict Theory, Human and Social Capital, Life Skills.
- Dynamics of groups, Bond, Sub-Groups, Role, Leadership, Isolates, And Scapegoats, New Comer, Group Conflict, Group Decision Making, Social Control, Group Development.

UNIT-III: Group Work Process and skills

- Process of Group work: Pre- Group Planning, Beginning, Middle Stage and Termination, Evaluation. Individual or group Follow up.
- Essential Skills for Group Work, Communication, Listening, Observation, Analytical Thinking, Empathy, Self-Control, Leadership.

UNIT-IV: Models and approaches of Group Work

- Models of group work: Social Goal Model, Remedial and Reciprocal Model. Development Group and Task-Centered Group.
- Different Therapeutic approaches, Transactional Analysis, T groups, Gestalt, Role play, Buzz group, Brainstorming etc.
- Types of Recordings.

UNIT-V: Use of group work in various settings

- Use of Group Work in Various Settings Hospital, School, Institutions, and Family Welfare Agencies.
- Group Work with Children, Adolescent, Women, Elderly and Others.
- Scope, Problems and Limitations of Group Work Practice In Indian Settings.

28 CP 202 COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS AND SOCIAL ACTION

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Understand the community organization as a method of social work
- 2. Apply the models and strategies for community organization.
- 3. Apply the process of community organization in Current socio- economic situation.
- 4. Enhance the understanding of the roles of community organizer and the agencies for Community organization
- 5. Remember the social action as a secondary method of social work.

CHAPTER-I: COMMUNITY ORGANISATION: As a method of Social Work

- 1. Historical review of community organization
- 2. Conceptual framework of Community organization (Meaning, concept and definition)
- 3. Principles & Approaches of community organization

CHAPTER-II: MODELS & TECHNIQUES OF COMMUNITY ORGANIZER

- 1. Jack Rothmans model of Community Organization
- 2. Techniques of Community Organization (PRA, Capacity Building, Leadership & Networking)
- 3. Recording in Community Organization (Community Mapping / Profile, Process Recording)

CHAPTER-III: COMMUNITY ORGANISATION AS A PARA – POLITICAL PROCESS

- 1. Concept and sources of power.
- 2. Perspectives of power relevant to Community Organization.
- 3. Community Empowerment: Concept & Strategies.

CHAPTER-IV: SOCIAL ACTION

- 1. History of Social action in India.
- 2. Right based approach.
- 3. Forms & Strategies of Social action.

CHAPTER-V: COMMUNITY ORGANISATION PRACTICE IN VARIOUS SETTINGS

- 1. Institutional settings.
- 2. Non Institutional settings.
- 3. Corporate Social Responsibility.

28 CP 203 SOCIAL WORK RESEARCH AND STATISTICAL APPLICATION (3 CREDIT)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Understand about social phenomena in relevance to social work research.
- 2. Understand meaning, scope and importance of social work research.
- 3. Apply research strategies and skills appropriate for social work research.
- 4. Acquire the skills for data analysis, interpretation

CHAPTER-I: RESEARCH A SCIENTIFIC METHOD (4 Hours)

- 1. Meaning and characteristics of scientific research
- 2. Basic elements of social research- concept, constructs, variables, hypothesis, theories, operational definition
- 3. Distinction between social science research and social work research

CHAPTER-II: SOCIAL WORK RESEARCH (8 Hours)

- 1. Use of Research n Social Work Intervention Research and Practice Based Research
- 2. Meaning, Definition and Importance of social work research
- 3. Steps in social work research
 - a) Identification of problem
 - b) Need assessments
 - c) Selection of social work research design
 - d) Baseline study
 - e) Intervention
 - f) Assessment of intervention effects

CHAPTER-III: SOCIAL SCIENCE AND SOCIAL WORK RESEARCH DESIGNS (10 HOURS)

- 1. Exploratory, Explanatory and Descriptive Research Designs
- 2. Social Work Research Design: Indicating Purpose
- 3. Types of experimental design (pre-experiment, true experiment, quasi experiment, external validity)
- 4. Qualitative and quantitative research designs- grounded theory, case study, ethnography of phenomenology and Other research approaches supportive to social work research: action research, participatory research

CHAPTER-IV: SAMPLING, METHODS AND TOOLS FOR DATA COLLECTION (9 Hours)

- 1. Concept, meaning, purpose and types of sampling
- 2. Types and Methods of data collection
- 3. Tools of Data Collection

CHAPTER-V: DATA PROCESSING and SPSS (8 Hours)

- 1. Coding, master sheet, tabulation plan: Uni-veriate, bi-vaiate, tri-veriate and multivariate analysis of data and Measures of central tendency (mean, mode, median) and dispersion
- 2. Level of Measurement, quantification of qualitative Data and Hypothesis testing (Chi- Square)
- 3. Graphical (diagrammatic) presentation, statistical application using SPSS and Planning outline of report

28CP 204 ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Develop comprehensive understanding about environment and its need of study
- 2. Learn about various social issues and their impact on environment
- 3. Develop understanding about role of social workers in disaster preparedness, mitigation, relief and rehabilitation
- 4. Develop knowledge about role of social workers in sustainable environmental development and disaster management

CHAPTER-I: UNDERSTANDING ENVIRONMENTAL STUDY

- 1. Conceptual framework (definition, natural resources, ecosystems) of environment
- 2. Physical, social and communal environment
- 3. Need of Environment education

CHAPTER II – POLUTION AND ENVIRONMENT

- 1. Conceptual framework of pollution (definition, concept of pollutants)
- 2. Sources and causes of pollution
- 3. Types of pollution

CHAPTER III - SOCIAL ISSUES AND ENVIRONMENT

- 1. Urban problems related to environment- Garbage Management, Energy, sanitation
- 2. Water conservation, rainwater harvesting, watershed management
- 3. Environmental movements in India

CHAPTER IV – POPULATION AND ENVIRONMENT

- 1. Conceptual framework of population growth (concept, causes)
- 2. Impact of population on environment
- 3. Remedial measures to control population growth

CHAPTER V – UNDERSTANDING DISASTERS, DISASTER RESPONSES AND

MITIGATION

- 1. Conceptual framework of disaster (meaning, concept and types
- 2. Prevention and preparedness
 - 1. Disaster response at various stages
 - 2. Emergency supply
 - 3. Early warning systems and vulnerability reduction
 - 4. Disaster financing: provisions and procedure
- 3. Relief, Rehabilitation and recovery
 - 1. Damage and needs assessment
 - 2. Addressing specific needs of vulnerable group
 - 3. Therapeutic and action oriented approaches for intervention
 - 4. Planning for rehabilitation and recovery displacement and resettlement

28 EL 201 LIFE SKILL EDUCATION IN SOCIAL WORK

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Understand the Conceptual framework of life skill education and its importance.
- 2. Develop the skills for practicing Life Skills for personality

CHAPTER I – THEORETICAL FOUNDATION OF LIFE SKILL EDUCATION

- a. Definition and Concept of Life Skills
- b. Global evaluation of life skill education
- c. Life skill education in Indian context
- d. Importance of life skills

CHAPTER II - DIFFERENT TYPES OF LIFE SKILLS AND IT'S APLLICATION

a. Skills in Personality Development

Self awareness
Sympathy & empathy
Critical thinking
Decision making
Sympathy & empathy
Creative thinking
Problem solving

7. Effective communication9. Coping with stress10. Coping with emotions

- b. Employability skills Interview, Group Discussion, Presentation, IT-Skills
- c. Life skill education for professional development and its relevance to social work field

28 EL 202 HUMAN RIGHTS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- 1. Understand the concepts and historical perspectives of Human rights
- 2. Develop knowledge about mechanism for protecting Human Rights

CHAPTER I – INTRODUCTION HUMAN RIGHTS AND MOVEMENTS

- 1. Concept And Historical Perspectives; Human Rights, Civil rights
- 2. Evolution of the concept of Human Rights (National and International level)
- 3. Three generations of Human Rights: Civil and Political Rights, Economic-social Rights, Collective Solidarity Rights
- 4. Human Rights Movements in National and International level

CHAPTER II – HUMAN RIGHTS AND SOCIAL WORK; MECHANISM FOR PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

- 1. Human rights, social justice and social work basic linkages
- 2. National and State Human Rights Commission
- 3. Statutory mechanism for Human Rights: Legislative, Executive and Judiciary
- 4. Socio-economic, political and administrative constraints in enforcements